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# PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES 5510 OVERLAND AVENUE, SUITE 310, SAN DIEGO, CA 92123 www.sdcounty.ca.gov/pds

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August 27, 2015

# **CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form** (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G)

1. Title; Project Numbers; Environmental Log Number:

Virissimo Major Grading Plan; PDS2014-LDGRMJ-00017; PDS2015-ER-15-08-019

- Lead agency name and address:
   County of San Diego, Planning & Development Services
   5510 Overland Avenue, Suite 110
   San Diego, CA 92123-1239
- 3. a. Contact Emmet Aguino, Environmental Analyst
  - b. Phone number: (858) 694-8845
  - c. E-mail: emmet.aquino@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

On the east side of Via De Las Flores in the San Dieguito Community Plan area in the unincorporated County of San Diego.

Thomas Guide Coordinates: Page 1148, Grid G/5

- Project Applicant name and address:
   Rancho Santa Fe LLC, 390 San Antonio Ave. #4
   San Diego, CA 92106 (APN 264-110-30)
- 6. General Plan

Community Plan: San Dieguito

Land Use Designation: Semi-Rural 2 (SR-2)

Density:

oriolty.

Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: Rural Residential (RR)

Minimum Lot Size: 2 acres

Special Area Regulation: -

8. Description of project:

The project is a grading plan for the creation of pads and slope grading on a 10 acre lot. This is to address a code enforcement case for unpermitted dumping of fill and materials on the property. Work would be limited to the most westerly portion of the site while portions to the east are within a San Diego Aqueduct and SDG&E easement. The remaining center and eastern portions of the site would be dedicated into biological open space. The project consists of the balanced cut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of materials. The site is currently vacant. Access would be provided by a driveway connecting to Via De Las Flores.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

Lands surrounding the project site are predominately rural residential with estate homes and a golf course located immediately to the west of the site. The topography of the project site is relatively flat along the project frontage which substantially increases in elevation farther to the east. To the west, the golf course is at a lower elevation in relation to the project site and is partially screened by intermittent trees and shrubs. The site is located within 0.2 miles north of Aliso Canyon Road.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Habitat Loss Permit	County of San Diego
Grading Permit	County of San Diego

**ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:** The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aesthetics	Agriculture and Forest	Air Quality
⊠ <u>Biological Resources</u>	Resources  ⊠Cultural Resources	Geology & Soils
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Hazards & Haz. Materials	Hydrology & Water Quality
Land Use & Planning	Mineral Resources	Noise
Population & Housing	Public Services	Recreation
Transportation/Traffic	Utilities & Service	Mandatory Findings of
	<u>Systems</u>	<u>Significance</u>

<b>DETERMINATION:</b> (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation:			
proposed project COULD NOT have a signifi	On the basis of this Initial Study, Planning & Development Services finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.		
although the proposed project could have a s there will not be a significant effect in this cas have been made by or agreed to by the proje	On the basis of this Initial Study, Planning & Development Services finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.		
On the basis of this Initial Study, Planning & Development Services finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.			
Ex agust 27, 2015			
Signature Date			
Emmet Aquino	Land Use/Environmental Planner		
Printed Name	Title		

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

7 DOZOT 1 ED OTAMO 000 11	7 tagast 27, 2010			
<ul><li>I. AESTHETICS Would the project:</li><li>a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a second control of the project.</li></ul>	scenic vista?			
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	<ul><li>☐ Less than Significant Impact</li><li>☑ No Impact</li></ul>			
Discussion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> A vista is a view from a particular location or composite views along a roadway or trail. Scenic vistas often refer to views of natural lands, but may also be compositions of natural and developed areas, or even entirely of developed and unnatural areas, such as a scenic vista of a rural town and surrounding agricultural lands. What is scenic to one person may not be scenic to another, so the assessment of what constitutes a scenic vista must consider the perceptions of a variety of viewer groups.				
The items that can be seen within a vista are visual resources. Adverse impacts to individual visual resources or the addition of structures or developed areas may or may not adversely affect the vista. Determining the level of impact to a scenic vista requires analyzing the changes to the vista as a whole and also to individual visual resources.				
The project site is located on Via Los Flores, north of the Aliso Canyon Road intersection. The proposed project is not located near or within, or visible from, a scenic vista and will not substantially change the composition of an existing scenic vista in a way that would adversely alter the visual quality or character of the view. Therefore, the proposed project will not have an adverse effect on a scenic vista.				

b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?

Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
•	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as scenic (<u>Caltrans - California Scenic Highway Program</u>). Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The scenic highway corridor extends to the visual limits of the landscape abutting the scenic highway.

The proposed project is not located near or visible within the composite view shed of a State scenic highway and will not damage or remove visual resources within a State scenic highway. The project site is located on Via Los Flores, north of the Aliso Canyon Road intersection, approximately 1 mile from Del Dios Highway which is considered a scenic highway. Due to

intervening topography and distance separation, the project site is not visible from this roadway segment. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

c) Substantially degrade the existing visua surroundings?	I character or quality of the site and its
☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less than Significant Impact
Incorporated	☐ No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:	
landscape within a view shed. Visual characterized ine, form, color, and texture. Visual dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. visual environment and varies based on export The existing visual character and quality characterized as Rural Residential with residential uses, the Bridges golf course immet the east. The proposed project is a grading Earth movement would consist of a balance of project is compatible with the existing visual experience.	acter is the objective composition of the visible of the is based on the organization of the patternal character is commonly discussed in terms of Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the sure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers of the project site and surrounding can be neighboring properties being developed with diately to the west and scattered vacant lands to plan to create pads and install earthen swales ut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of materials. The nvironment's visual character and quality for the and the project is a grading plan to create pads in site.
entire existing view shed and a list of past, p were evaluated. Refer to XVIII. Mandatory Fir the projects considered. Those projects listed surrounding the project and will not contribute The project is a grading plan consisting of materials. These temporary earth moving ac	acts on visual character or quality because the resent and future projects within that view shed adings of Significance for a comprehensive list of in Section XVII are located within the view shed to a cumulative impact for the following reasons a balance cut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of civities would result in any cumulative impacts werse project or cumulative level effect on visual garea.
d) Create a new source of substantial light	or glare, which would adversely affect day or

Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

nighttime views in the area?

Potentially Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

**No Impact.** The project does not propose any use of outdoor lighting or building materials with highly reflective properties such as highly reflective glass or high-gloss surface colors. Therefore, the project will not create any new sources of light pollution that could contribute to sky glow, light trespass or glare and adversely affect day or nighttime views in area.

#### II. AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES -- Would the project:

a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Loca Importance (Important Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, o other agricultural resources, to non-agricultural use?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The project site does not contain any agricultural resources, lands designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. Therefore, no agricultural resources including Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance will be converted to a non-agricultural use.				
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultu	ıral us	e, or a Williamson Act contract?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			

## **Less Than Significant Impact**

The project site is zoned rural residential (RR), which is considered to be an agricultural zone. However, the proposed project will not to result in a conflict in zoning for agricultural use, because the project is a grading plan which does not identify a proposed use and will not create a conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use. Additionally, the project site's land is not under a Williamson Act Contract. Therefore, there will be no conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract.

c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), or timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	tion		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
timberla Zones. not prop	and. The County of San Diego of In addition, the project is consister	does nt with entatio	not h n exist on wou	ovements do not contain forest lands or ave any existing Timberland Production ing zoning and a rezone of the property is all not conflict with existing zoning for, or and production zones.
Ć		onme	nt, wh	f forest land to non-forest use, or involve nich, due to their location or nature, could use?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ition		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
lands a	s defined in Public Resources Cod	de sed n of f	ction 1 orest	improvements do not contain any forest 2220(g), therefore project implementation land to a non-forest use. In addition, the sources.
C				ent, which, due to their location or nature, nd or other agricultural resources, to non-
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ition		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			

## **Less Than Significant Impact:**

The surrounding area within radius of a quarter of a mile has nurseries. As a result, the proposed project was reviewed by Mike Johnson and was determined not to have significant adverse impacts related to the conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance or active agricultural operations to a non-agricultural use for the following reasons:

• The project is for a grading permit and does not propose any uses that would be related to agricultural operations.

- Active agricultural operations are separated from proposed land uses on the project site by 350 feet and by other developed parcels.
- Active agricultural operations in the surrounding area are already interspersed with single family residential uses and the proposed use would not significantly change the existing land uses in the area, resulting in a change that could convert agricultural operations to a non-agricultural use.

Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, or Farmland of Local Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

<u>III. AIR QUALITY</u> -- Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP)?				
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation</li><li>Incorporated</li></ul>		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation:				
Less Than Significant Impact: The project does not propose development. As such, the proposed project is not expected to conflict with either the RAQS or the SIP. In addition, emissions from grading operations for the project are expected to be below the screening levels, and subsequently will not violate ambient air quality standards.				
b) Violate any air quality standard or contr quality violation?	ibute s	substantially to an existing or projected air		
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation:				

## **Less Than Significant Impact:**

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Land Use Environment Group (LUEG) has established guidelines for determining significance which incorporate the San Diego Air Pollution Control District's (SDAPCD) established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. These screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a

project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) for the Coachella Valley (which are more appropriate for the San Diego Air Basin) are used.

The project is a major grading plan. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal, temporary and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. In addition, the project is a balance cut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of materials with minimal vehicle trips generated below 3,000 ADT. According to County Guidelines for air quality, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the guidelines for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

c)	project region is non-attainment under a	an app	ease of any criteria pollutant for which the plicable federal or state ambient air quality n exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

## **Less Than Significant Impact:**

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone ( $O_3$ ). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns ( $PM_{10}$ ) and 2.5 microns ( $PM_{2.5}$ ) under the CAAQS.  $O_3$  is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides ( $NO_x$ ) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of  $PM_{10}$  in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM<sub>10</sub>,PM<sub>2.5</sub> NO<sub>x</sub> and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and also as the result of increase of traffic from project implementation. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal, localized and temporary resulting in criteria pollutant and precursor remissions below

Discussion/Explanation:

the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. The vehicle trips generated from the project would be minimal because the project is a balance cut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of materials and would generate under 3,000 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the County Guidelines, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVIII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$  or any  $O_3$  precursors.

d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantia	al pollu	itant concentrations?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
hospita individu The Co	ality regulators typically define sensitive als, resident care facilities, or day-car uals with health conditions that would b	e cer e adv	ptors as schools (Preschool-12 <sup>th</sup> Grade), nters, or other facilities that may house ersely impacted by changes in air quality. s as sensitive receptors since they house
quarter typicall polluta grading grading	r-mile (the radius determined by the S ly significant) of the proposed project. nts (other than vehicle emissions) are g would be below the County's screening	SCAQI Furth asso g level	issions have not been identified within a MD in which the dilution of pollutants is termore, no point-source emissions of air ociated with the project. Emissions from I thresholds and would cease at the end of expose sensitive populations to excessive
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a s	ubstar	ntial number of people?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project could produce objectionable odors, which would result from volatile organic compounds, ammonia, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, methane, alcohols, aldehydes, amines, carbonyls, esters, disulfides dust and endotoxins from the construction and operational phases. However, these substances, if present at all, would only be in trace amounts (less than 1  $\mu$ g/m³). Subsequently, no significant air quality – odor impacts are expected to affect surrounding receptors. Moreover, the affects of objectionable odors are localized to the immediate surrounding area and will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable odor.

## **IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES** -- Would the project:

,	Have a substantial adverse effect, either any species identified as a candidate, so regional plans, policies, or regulations, owildlife or CDFWU.S. Fish and Wildlife	ensitiv	e, or special status species in local or ne California Department of Fish and
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, site photos, and a Forensic Biological Resources Report dated February 27, 2015 prepared by Bill Everett, County staff biologist, Beth Ehsan, has determined that the site supported native vegetation, namely, Diegan coastal sage scrub. Three sensitive species were observed: Nuttall's scrub oak, turkey vulture, and southern mule deer. The turkey vulture was observed foraging overhead but the site does not include suitable nesting habitat. The Nutall's scrub oak and the mule deer were both observed in the area east of the aqueduct easement that would be preserved as biological open space, and would not be impacted by the grading. Protocol California gnatcatcher surveys were conducted in August-September 2014 with negative results. No other sensitive species are expected to occur within the impact area. However, there might be an impact to nesting migratory birds or raptors if grading were conducted within 300 feet of nesting migratory birds or within 500 feet of nesting raptors during the avian breeding season, January 15 through August 31. Therefore, the grading will be conditioned to occur outside of the breeding season unless concurrence is obtained based on a negative survey. With breeding season avoidance, the impact is less than significant. All grading projects in the area must also avoid impacts to nesting migratory birds in compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, and therefore the cumulative impact will be less than significant.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or US Fish and Wildlife Service?

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<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation</li><li>Incorporated</li></ul>	Less than Signif	icant Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
Less than Significant with Mitigation Incomes Geographic Information System (GIS) reasonsitive Species, site photos, and a Forer 27, 2015 prepared by Bill Everett, County staproposed project site contains Diegan coastate to unauthorized impacts, the project site conwould be impacted. There are 2.26 acres deasement and an SDG&E easement that are available for building, nor can they be dedicated within draft PAMA. An additional 0.2 at the 2:1 mitigation requirement. Open space sublocked with large boulders to protect the encroachment. The existing San Diego Are Building Zone easement to protect the biological structures can be built within the aqueduct expensive habitat are mitigated to less than significant because the impact area is in the will contribute to the assembly of the regional Coastal Sage Scrub in the region.	cords, the County's Consic Biological Resources aff biologist, Beth Ehsan, all sage scrub within the patained 8.81 acres of DC of DCSS located within the considered impact neutrated as biological open so a space easement to proposed open space queduct easement takes ogical open space from a sement. The easement tive landscaping. There is significant. Cumulative in least usable area of the	omprehensive Matrix of a Report dated February has determined that the project boundaries. Prior CSS, of which 2.25 acres the San Diego Aqueduct tral because they are not space. The remaining 4.3 patect the existing habitat hased off-site to complete existing dirt roads will be easement from human as the place of a Limited fire clearing because no also serves to buffer the fore, project impacts to mpacts will be less than site, while the mitigation
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on f 404 of the Clean Water Act (including etc.) through direct removal, filling, hyd	g, but not limited to, mai	rsh, vernal pool, coastal,
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation</li><li>Incorporated</li></ul>	☐ Less than Signif	icant Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		

**No Impact:** Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, site photos, and a Forensic Biological Resources Report dated February 27, 2015 prepared by Bill Everett, the proposed project site does not contain any wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, stream, lake, river or water of the U.S., that could potentially be impacted through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, diversion or obstruction by the proposed development. Therefore, no impacts will occur to wetlands defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and under the jurisdiction of the Army Corps of Engineers.

d)	Interfere substantially with the movemer wildlife species or with established nativ impede the use of native wildlife nursery	e resid	dent or migratory wildlife corridors, or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
Systemand a biolog mover reside follow by lor course preclu	m (GIS) records, the County's Compreh Biological Resources Report dated Fe ist Beth Ehsan has determined that the ment of any native resident or migratory ant or migratory wildlife corridors, or impering reasons: The area of the project siting-established residential development to the west of the site is protected	ensive bruary projectish or de the eto be and is by armosts	is of the County's Geographic Information Matrix of Sensitive Species, site photos, 27, 2015 prepared by Bill Everett, staff twould not interfere substantially with the wildlife species or with established native use of native wildlife nursery sites for the developed is surrounded on three sides not part of a wildlife corridor. The golf a eight foot high chain link fence which are less than significant because better ea.
e)	Conflict with the provisions of any adopt Communities Conservation Plan, other a conservation plan or any other local poli resources?	approv	red local, regional or state habitat
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		

## **Less Than Significant Impact:**

Refer to the attached Ordinance Compliance Checklist for further information on consistency with any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan, including, Habitat Management Plans (HMP), Special Area Management Plans (SAMP), or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources including the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO), Habitat Loss Permit (HLP).

# **V. CULTURAL RESOURCES** -- Would the project:

a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in 15064.5?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
records Beddov	on an analysis of County of San, maps, and aerial photographs	by Co projec	ounty et site	chaeology resource files, archaeological of San Diego staff archaeologist, Donna does not contain any historical resources. istorical resources.
,	Cause a substantial adverse char oursuant to 15064.5?	nge in tl	he sig	nificance of an archaeological resource
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
maps, a determir is for the comply CEQA §	on an analysis of County of San I nd aerial photographs by County of ned that the project site does not co e remediation of illegal dumping and with the San Diego County Grading	San Die ontain ar grading g, Clear	ego sta ny arcl g into r ing, ar	plogy resource files, archaeological records, aff archaeologist, Donna Beddow, it has been naeological resources. The proposed project native soils is not proposed. The project must not Watercourse Ordinance (§87.101-87.804), y Code should Native American artifacts or
c) [	Directly or indirectly destroy a unio	que ge	ologic	feature?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:			
general		ate, cou	untry,	onments and geologic processes which and the world. However, some features in the boundaries of the County

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project site contains a unique geologic feature that is listed in the County's Guidelines for Determining Significance for Unique Geologic Resources. The unique geologic feature is considered low value. Therefore, project impacts are considered less than significant.

d)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique pa	leonto	logical resource or site?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: A review of the County's Paleontological Resources Maps and data on San Diego County's geologic formations indicates that the project is located on geological formations that potentially contain unique paleontological resources. Excavating into undisturbed ground beneath the soil horizons may cause a significant impact if unique paleontological resources are encountered. Since an impact to paleontological resources does not typically occur until the resource is disturbed, monitoring during excavation is the essential measure to mitigate potentially significant impacts to unique paleontological resources to a level below significance. The project has marginal potential for containing paleontological resources and will excavate the substratum and/or bedrock below the soil horizons.

A monitoring program implemented by the excavation/grading contractor will be required. Equipment operators and others involved in the excavation should watch for fossils during the normal course of their duties. In accordance with the Grading Ordinance, if a fossil or fossil assemblage of greater than twelve inches in any dimension is encountered during excavation, all excavation operations in the area where the fossil or fossil assemblage was found shall be suspended immediately, the County's Permit Compliance Coordinator shall be notified, and a Qualified Paleontologist shall be retained by the applicant to inspect the find to determine if it is significant. A Qualified Paleontologist is a person who has, to the satisfaction of the Planning & Development Services Director:

- A Ph.D. or M.S. or equivalent in paleontology or closely related field (e.g., sedimentary or stratigraphic geology, evolutionary biology, etc.);
- Demonstrated knowledge of southern California paleontology and geology; and
- Documented experience in professional paleontological procedures and techniques.

If the Qualified Paleontologist determines that the fossil or fossil assemblage is significant; a mitigation program involving salvage, cleaning, and curation of the fossil(s) and documentation shall be implemented. If no fossils or fossil assemblages of greater than 12 inches in any dimension are encountered during excavation, a "No Fossils Found" letter will be submitted to the County Planning & Development Services identifying who conducted the monitoring and that no fossils were found. If one or more fossils or fossil assemblages are found, the Qualified Paleontologist shall prepare a report documenting the mitigation program, including field and laboratory methodology, location and the geologic and stratigraphic setting, list(s) of collected fossils and their paleontological significance, descriptions of any analyses, conclusions, and references cited.

Therefore, with the implementation of the above project requirements during project grading operations, potential impacts to paleontological resources will be less than significant. Furthermore, the project will not result in a cumulative impact to paleontological resources

e)

ii.

Strong seismic ground shaking?

Potentially Significant Impact

because other projects that require grading in sensitive paleontological resource areas will be required to have the appropriate level of paleontological monitoring and resource recovery. In addition, other projects that propose any amount of significant grading would be subject to the requirements for paleontological monitoring as required pursuant to the County's Grading Ordinance. Therefore, the project would not result in a significant direct, indirect, or cumulatively significant loss of paleontological resources.

Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?

	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
maps, a determine include The pro (§87.10	on an analysis of County of San Diego and aerial photographs by County of San Dined that the project will not disturb any a formal cemetery or any archaeological reject must comply with the San Diego Cou	ego sta human esource inty Gr	ology resource files, archaeological records, aff archaeologist, Donna Beddow, it has been remains because the project site does not es that might contain interred human remains. ading, Clearing, and Watercourse Ordinance of the Health & Safety Code should Native
a) I	OLOGY AND SOILS Would the project Expose people or structures to potential oss, injury, or death involving:		antial adverse effects, including the risk of
i	Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning M	lap iss	as delineated on the most recent Alquist- sued by the State Geologist for the area or a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
Fault-R evidence	Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning A cupture Hazards Zones in California, on the ce of a known fault. Therefore, there w	ct, S r locat <i>r</i> ill be	It rupture hazard zone identified by the pecial Publication 42, Revised 1997, ed within any other area with substantial no impact from the exposure of people or ure hazard zone as a result of this project.

 $\boxtimes$ 

Less than Significant Impact

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Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	□ No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:	
structures, the project must conform to the California Building Code. The County Code r foundation recommendations to be approve Therefore, compliance with the California Bu	re the structural integrity of all buildings and Seismic Requirements as outlined within the equires a soils compaction report with proposed ed before the issuance of a building permit. Ilding Code and the County Code ensures the icant impact from the exposure of people or ong seismic ground shaking.
iii. Seismic-related ground failure, in	cluding liquefaction?
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	<ul><li>Less than Significant Impact</li><li>No Impact</li></ul>
Discussion/Explanation:	
as identified in the County Guidelines for Dete indicates that the liquefaction potential at the s poor artificial fill or located within a floodplain. significant impact from the exposure of people area susceptible to ground failure, including	site is not within a "Potential Liquefaction Area" rmining Significance for Geologic Hazards. This ite is low. In addition, the site is not underlain by Therefore, there will be there will be a less than e or structures to adverse effects from a known g liquefaction. In addition, since liquefaction ed lateral spreading is not considered to be a see less than significant.
iv. Landslides?	
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	<ul><li>Less than Significant Impact</li><li>No Impact</li></ul>
Discussion/Explanation:	

Less Than Significant Impact: The site is located within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. Landslide Susceptibility Areas were developed based on landslide risk profiles included in the *Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, San Diego, CA* (URS, 2004). Landslide risk areas from this plan were based on data including steep slopes (greater than 25%); soil series data (SANDAG based on USGS 1970s series); soil-slip susceptibility from USGS; and Landslide Hazard Zone Maps (limited to western portion of the County) developed by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology (DMG). Also included within

Landslide Susceptibility Areas are gabbroic soils on slopes steeper than 15% in grade because these soils are slide prone.

According to the Geologic Map of the Oceanside 30' x 60' Quadrangle, California, the site is underlain by metasedimentary and metavolcanic rocks, undivided and is not mapped as containing any landslide deposits. The grading to be performed will not result in any slopes being steeper than 2:1 in grade in accordance with the Grading Ordinance requirements for minor and major slopes. Therefore, there will be no potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from adverse effects of landslides.

b)	F	Result in substantial soil erosion or the l	oss of	topsoil?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Disc	uss	sion/Explanation:		

Less Than Significant Impact: According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as San Miguel-Exchequer rocky silt loams, 9 to 70 percent slopes and Huerhuero loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes that has a soil erodibility rating of "moderate to severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVIII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that a result of the project, and potentially respreading, subsidence, liquefaction or contents.	sult in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact
	Incorporated		No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
cubic fill. In site) a is required under The Stabilithe Cowould	yards of grading that would result in the order to assure that any proposed building as part of the Building Permit procleying soils and make recommendations soils Engineering Report must demonstrate ty standards required by the California I county prior to the issuance of a Building	creatidings ative so sess. To the that Buildin Permitormati	ect involves 2,860 cubic yards of materials on of areas of cut and areas underlain by (including those proposed on the project pils, cut or fill), a Soils Engineering Report his Report would evaluate the strength of edesign of building foundation systems. It a proposed building meets the structurate g Code. The report must be approved by t. With this standard requirement, impacts from regarding landslides, liquefaction, and stion a., iii-iv listed above.
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined (1994), creating substantial risks to life of		ble 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code perty?
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		

Less Than Significant Impact: The project is located on expansive soils as defined within Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994). This was confirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. The soils on-site are San Miguel-Exchequer rocky silt loams, 9 to 70 percent slopes and Huerhuero loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes. However the project will not have any significant impacts because the project is required to comply the improvement requirements identified in the 1997 Uniform Building Code, Division III – Design Standard for Design of Slab-On-Ground Foundations to Resist the Effects of Expansive Soils and Compressible Soils, which ensure suitable structure safety in areas with expansive soils. Therefore, these soils will not create substantial risks to life or property.

e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?

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Potentially Significant Impactual Less Than Significant With Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
	•	address a code violation case . The project e wastewater disposal systems since no
VII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION	NS – Would th	e project
Generate greenhouse gas en significant impact on the envir		directly or indirectly, that may have a
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:		
surface temperature commonly refe is associated with long-term chang elements of the earth's climate sys	rred to as globa es in precipitat tem, known as	esult in an increase in the earth's average al warming. This rise in global temperature ion, temperature, wind patterns, and other climate change. These changes are now hose emissions that result from the human
others. Human induced GHG emiss and personal vehicle use, among o San Diego Region <sup>1</sup> identified on-roa of GHG emissions in the region, acc	sions are a res ther sources. d transportation counting for 46°	ocarbons (HFCs), and nitrous oxide, among all of energy production and consumption, A regional GHG inventory prepared for the (cars and trucks) as the largest contributor of the total regional emissions. Electricity (25%) and third (9%) largest regional

Climate changes resulting from GHG emissions could produce an array of adverse environmental impacts including water supply shortages, severe drought, increased flooding, sea level rise, air pollution from increased formation of ground level ozone and particulate matter, ecosystem changes, increased wildfire risk, agricultural impacts, ocean and terrestrial species impacts, among other adverse effects.

contributors, respectively, to regional GHG emissions.

In 2006, the State passed the Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, commonly referred to as AB 32, which set the greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal for the State of California into

<sup>1</sup> San Diego County Greenhouse Gas Inventory: An Analysis of Regional Emissions and Strategies to Achieve AB 32 Targets. University of San Diego and the Energy Policy Initiatives Center (EPIC), September 2008.

law. The law requires that by 2020, State emissions must be reduced to 1990 levels by reducing greenhouse gas emissions from significant sources via regulation, market mechanisms, and other actions.

Senate Bill 375 (SB 375), passed in 2008, links transportation and land use planning with global warming. It requires the California Air Resources Board (ARB) to set regional targets for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions from passenger vehicles. Under this law, if regions develop integrated land use, housing and transportation plans that meet SB 375 targets, new projects in these regions can be relieved of certain review requirements under CEQA. SANDAG has prepared a Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) which is a new element of the 2050 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). The strategy identifies how regional greenhouse gas reduction targets, as established by the ARB, will be achieved through development patterns, transportation infrastructure investments, and/or transportation measures or policies that are determined to be feasible. The County of San Diego has also adopted various GHG related goals and policies in the General Plan.

It should be noted that an individual project's GHG emissions will generally not result in direct impacts under CEQA, as the climate change issue is global in nature, however an individual project could be found to contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact. CEQA Guidelines Section 15130(f) states that an EIR shall analyze greenhouse gas emissions resulting from a proposed project when the incremental contribution of those emissions may be cumulatively considerable.

The County has prepared a *Recommended Approach to Addressing Climate Change in CEQA Documents* for addressing climate change in CEQA documents. The annual 900 metric ton carbon dioxide equivalent (MTCO<sub>2</sub>e) screening level referenced in the California Air Pollution Control Officers Association (CAPCOA) white paper (http://www.capcoa.org/wp-content/uploads/downloads/2010/05/CAPCOA-White-Paper.pdf) is being used by the County as a conservative criterion for determining the size of projects that would require further analysis and mitigation with regard to climate change. The CAPCOA white paper reports that the 900 metric ton screening level would capture more than 90% of development projects, allowing for mitigation towards achieving the State's GHG reduction goals.

GHG emissions associated with the proposed temporary grading operations are considered less than significant. The project would consist of a balance cut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of materials on site and is not expected to generate annual GHG emissions in excess of 900 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e. These earth movement activities are minimal and the project GHG impacts would not be cumulatively considerable.

Furthermore, projects that generate less than 900 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year of GHG will also participate in emission reductions because air emissions including GHGs are under the purview of the California Air Resources Board (CARB) (or other regulatory agencies) and will be "regulated" either by CARB, the Federal Government, or other entities. For example, new vehicles will be subject to increased fuel economy standards and emission reductions<sup>2</sup>, large

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> On September 15, 2009, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Department of Transportation's National Highway Safety Administration (NHTSA) proposed a national program to reduce GHG emissions and improve fuel economy for new cars and trucks sold in the United States. The proposed standards

and small appliances will be subject to more strict emissions standards, and energy delivered to consumers will increasingly come from renewable sources<sup>3</sup>. As a result, even the emissions that result from projects that produce less than 900 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e per year of GHG will be subject to emission reductions.

Therefore, it is determined that the project would result in less than cumulatively considerable impacts associated with GHG emissions and no mitigation is required.

### **Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated**

b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy on the emissions of greenhouse gases?	r reg	ulation adopted for the purpose of reducing
[ [	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

#### **Less Than Significant Impact:**

In 2006, the State passed the Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, commonly referred to as AB 32, which set the greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal for the State of California into law. The law requires that by 2020, State emissions must be reduced to 1990 levels by reducing greenhouse gas emissions from significant sources via regulation, market mechanisms, and other actions.

Senate Bill 375 (SB 375), passed in 2008, links transportation and land use planning with global warming. It requires the California Air Resources Board (ARB) to set regional targets for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions from passenger vehicles. Under this law, if regions develop integrated land use, housing and transportation plans that meet SB 375 targets, new projects in these regions can be relieved of certain review requirements under CEQA. SANDAG has prepared a Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) which is a new element of the 2050 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). The strategy identifies how regional greenhouse gas reduction targets, as established by the ARB, will be achieved through development patterns, transportation infrastructure investments, and/or transportation measures or policies that are determined to be feasible.

To implement State mandates to address climate change in local land use planning, local land use jurisdictions are generally preparing GHG emission inventories and reduction plans and incorporating climate change policies into local General Plans to ensure development is guided

would cut CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by an estimated 950 million metric tons and 1.8 billion barrels of oil over the lifetime of the vehicles sold under the program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> California's Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) requires electric corporations to increase procurement from eligible renewable energy resources by at least 1% of their retail sales annually, until they reach 20% by 2010. In 2008, the governor signed Executive Order S-14-08 (EO) to streamline California's renewable energy project approval process and increase the state's Renewable Energy Standard to 33% renewable power by 2020. The Air Resources Board is in the process of developing regulations to implement the 33% standard known as the California Renewable Electricity Standard (RES).

by a land use plan that reduces GHG emissions. The County of San Diego's General Plan incorporates various climate change goals and policies. These policies provide direction for individual development projects to reduce GHG emissions.

As discussed in VII(a) above, the project's emissions would be below the 900 MTCO2E screening threshold. As such, the project would not conflict with the County CAP or GHG goals and policies of the General Plan. Therefore, the project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases.

#### VIII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -- Would the project:

a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, storage, use, or disposal of hazardous materials or wastes or through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?
<ul> <li>□ Potentially Significant Impact</li> <li>□ Less than Significant Impact</li> <li>□ Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li> <li>□ No Impact</li> </ul>
Discussion/Explanation:
<b>No Impact</b> : The project will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment because it does not propose the storage, use, transport, emission, or disposal of Hazardous Substances, nor are Hazardous Substances proposed or currently in use in the immediate vicinity. In addition, the project does not propose to demolish any existing structures onsite and therefore would not create a hazard related to the release of asbestos, lead based paint or other hazardous materials from demolition activities.
b) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?
<ul> <li>□ Potentially Significant Impact</li> <li>□ Less than Significant Impact</li> <li>□ Incorporated</li> <li>□ Less than Significant Impact</li> <li>□ No Impact</li> </ul>
Discussion/Explanation:
No Impact:

#### No Impact:

The project is not located in proximity of an existing or proposed school. Therefore, the project will not have any effect on an existing or proposed school.

c) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5, or is otherwise known to have been

subject to a release of hazardous substances and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?
<ul> <li>□ Potentially Significant Impact</li> <li>□ Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li> <li>□ No Impact</li> </ul>
Discussion/Explanation:
No Impact: Based on a regulatory database search, the project site has not been subject to a release of hazardous substances. The project site is not included in any of the following lists or databases: the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5., the San Diego County Hazardous Materials Establishment database, the San Diego County DEH Site Assessment and Mitigation (SAM) Case Listing, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) Site Mitigation and Brownfields Reuse Program Database ("CalSites" Envirostor Database), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) listing, the EPA's Superfund CERCLIS database or the EPA's National Priorities List (NPL). Additionally, the project does not propose structures for human occupancy or significant linear excavation within 1,000 feet of an open, abandoned, or closed landfill, is not located on or within 250 feet of the boundary of a parcel identified as containing burn ash (from the historic burning of trash), is not on or within 1,000 feet of a Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS), does not contain a leaking Underground Storage Tank, and is not located on a site with the potential for contamination from historic uses such as intensive agriculture, industrial uses, a gas station or vehicle repair shop. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.
d) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?
☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Less than Significant Impact ☐ Less Than Significant With Mitigation ☐ No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is not located within an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP), an Airport Influence Area, or a Federal Aviation Administration Height Notification Surface. Also, the project does not propose construction of any structure equal to or greater than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from an airport or heliport. Therefore, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.
e) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?
☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Less than Significant Impact

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	Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ntion 🖂	No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
-			mile of a private airstrip. As a result, the esiding or working in the project area.
,	Impair implementation of or physic plan or emergency evacuation plar	•	ere with an adopted emergency response
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation $\square$	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN AND MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HAZARD i. MITIGATION PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for Management System. emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan includes an overview of the risk assessment process, identifies hazards present in the jurisdiction, hazard profiles, and vulnerability assessments. The plan also identifies goals, objectives and actions for each jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, including all cities and the County unincorporated areas. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established or prevent the goals and objectives of existing plans from being carried out.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE ii. PLAN

No Impact: The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT **No Impact:** The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

**No Impact:** The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is not located within a dam inundation zone.

g)		ds ar	nt risk of loss, injury or death involving e adjacent to urbanized areas or where
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

## **Less Than Significant Impact:**

The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires because the project is a grading plan for the creation of pads on a 10 acre lot. Grading would also include the installation of earthen swales. Earth movement would consist of a balance cut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of materials and would be located on the most western portion of the site. Additionally, the project will comply with the regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the Consolidated Fire Code for the 16 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County. Implementation of these fire safety standards will occur during the grading plan process. Therefore, based on the review of the project by County staff and through compliance with the Consolidated Fire Code the project is not anticipated to expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact, because all past, present and future projects in the surrounding area are required to comply with the Consolidated Fire Code.

h) Propose a use, or place residents adjacent to an existing or reasonably foreseeable use that would substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies, which are capable of transmitting significant public health diseases or nuisances?

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Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	<ul><li>☐ Less than Significant Impact</li><li>☒ No Impact</li></ul>
Discussion/Explanation:	
of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial project does not involve or support uses that equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (clother similar uses. Moreover, the project is a glot. Grading would also include the installationsist of a balance cut and fill of 2,860 cubic	upport uses that allow water to stand for a period lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the will produce or collect animal waste, such as nicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or grading plan for the creation of pads on a 10 acresion of earthen swales. Earth movement would a yards of materials and would be located on the project will not substantially increase current or mosquitoes, rats or flies.
<ul><li>IX. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY</li><li>a) Violate any waste discharge requirement</li></ul>	· ·
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	<ul><li>✓ Less than Significant Impact</li><li>✓ No Impact</li></ul>
Discussion/Explanation:	

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes slope grading which requires hydroseed. The project applicant has provided a copy of a Minor Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP) which demonstrates that the project will comply with all requirements of Standard Urban Storm Water Management Plan (SUSMP). The project site proposes and will be required to implement the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: hydroseed, energy dissipater, rock lined swale and sediment trap. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. R9-2007-0001), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).

Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges.

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		orojec	vater body, as listed on the Clean Water tresult in an increase in any pollutant for		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	sion/Explanation:				
San Di 7/10/14	eguito hydrologic unit. As discussed	d in t	the Hodges hydrologic subarea, within the he Stormwater Management Plan dated 303(d) list, this watershed is impaired for arbidity and pH.		
grading treatme runoff t	The project proposes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: slope grading. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters: hydroseed, energy dissipater, rock-lined swale and sediment trap.				
permitti watersh impaire and sto Diego Protect County the hearesource County waters ensure Protect type of prepare contributions.	ing process that has been established neds. As a result the project will not condition water body, as listed on the Clean Water water permitting regulation for Courselon, Order No. R9-2007-0001, (Nation Ordinance; Stormwater Management Stormwater Standards Manual. The state of the Standards water and the country is compliant with application Ordinance has discharge prohibition of the state; to secure benefits from the Country is compliant with application Ordinance has discharge prohibition and use activity and location in the Courter and Stormwater Management Plan	to im contributer Autor of PDES ent, auted purchause to diverse the use able sons, aunty. If	rface water and storm water planning and prove the overall water quality in County ute to a cumulative impact to an already of Section 303(d). Regional surface water f San Diego includes the following: San No. CAS 0108758); County Watershed and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO); urposes of these ordinances are to protect of San Diego residents; to protect water he use of management practices by the effects of polluted runoff discharges on se of storm water as a resource; and to state and federal laws. The Watershed and requirements that vary depending on Each project subject to WPO is required to details a project's pollutant discharge MPs or design measures to mitigate any		
,	Could the proposed project cause or color groundwater receiving water quality of		te to an exceedance of applicable surface res or degradation of beneficial uses?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit. The project lies in the Hodges hydrologic subarea, within the San Dieguito hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply, industrial service supply; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; estuarine habitat; marine habitat; preservation of biological habitats of special significance; migration of aquatic organisms; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: slope grading. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses: hydroseed, energy dissipater, rock-lined swale and sediment trap..

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

d)	recharge such that there would be a n local groundwater table level (e.g., th	et def e pro	or interfere substantially with groundwater icit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the duction rate of pre-existing nearby wells ort existing land uses or planned uses for
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

#### Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project will obtain its water supply from the Valley Center Municipal Water District that obtains water from surface reservoirs or other imported water source. The project will not use any groundwater for any purpose, including irrigation, domestic or commercial demands. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as concrete lining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. ¼ mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.

e)	e) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discu	ssion/Explanation:					
Storm the procontrol maxim rock-l satisf Deve Order Runo (SUS will a from The E these or see site. the p	water Management Plan (SWMP) date roject will implement the following site deal BMPs to reduce potential pollutants, in num extent practicable from entering strined swale, sediment trap. These means waste discharge requirements as relopment and Redevelopment Component No. R9-2007-0001), as implemented ff Management Program (JURMP) and MP). The SWMP specifies and describ ddress equipment operation and mater occurring, and prevent sedimentation in factors, it has been found that the project dimentation potential and will not alter an In addition, because erosion and sedime	ed 7/10 esign moduling orm who sures we the standard the cat the cat will represent the cat	oses slope grading. As outlined in the 0/14 and prepared by Matthew Miller, PE, neasures, source control, and/or treatment of sediment from erosion or siltation, to the ater runoff: hydroseed, energy dissipater, will control erosion and sedimentation and do by the Land-Use Planning for New San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB) and Diego County Jurisdictional Urban dard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan implementation process of all BMPs that anagement, prevent the erosion process onsite and downstream drainage swales. Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to not result in significantly increased erosion age patterns of the site or area on- or officially will be controlled within the boundaries of ulatively considerable impact. For further Soils, Question b.			
f)		ver, or	n of the site or area, including through the substantially increase the rate or amount ult in flooding on- or off-site?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The proposed project will not significantly alter established drainage patterns or significantly increase the amount of runoff for the following reasons, based on a Drainage Study prepared by ERB & Associates, LLC on July 2014:

g)

 The project will not increase surface runoff exiting the project site equal to or greater than one cubic foot/second.

Therefore, the project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable alteration or a drainage pattern or increase in the rate or amount of runoff, because the project will substantially increase water surface elevation or runoff exiting the site, as detailed above.

Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or

	planned storm water drainage systems?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
water There	that would exceed the capacity of exist	ting or	not propose to create or contribute runoff planned storm water drainage systems. herefore no net increase in storm water
h)	Provide substantial additional sources of	f pollu	ted runoff?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
pollute contro will be rock-li	ed runoff: slope grading. However, the I BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs e reduced in runoff to the maximum ex	follow will be tent p	coses the following potential sources of wing site design measures and/or source employed such that potential pollutants racticable: hydroseed, energy dissipater, drology and Water Quality Questions a, b,
i)	Place housing within a 100-year flood had Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Raincluding County Floodplain Maps?		· ·
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** No FEMA mapped floodplains, County-mapped floodplains or drainages with a watershed greater than 25 acres were identified on the project site]; therefore, no impact will occur.

j)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard are flood flows?	ea stru	ctures which would impede or redirect
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact
	Incorporated		No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
	<b>pact:</b> No 100-year flood hazard areas t will occur.	were i	dentified on the project site; therefore, no
k)	Expose people or structures to a signific flooding?	ant ris	k of loss, injury or death involving
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact
	Incorporated		No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		ied special flood hazard area Therefore, of loss, injury or death involving flooding.
l)	Expose people or structures to a significate as a result of the failure of a levee or da		k of loss, injury or death involving flooding
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\boxtimes$	No Impact
<b>.</b>			

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project site lies outside a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.

m) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
i.	SEICHE				
-	<b>pact:</b> The project site is not locate not be inundated by a seiche.	ed alor	ng the	shoreline of a lake or reservoir; therefore,	
ii.	TSUNAMI				
-	<b>pact:</b> The project site is located munami, would not be inundated.	nore th	an a n	nile from the coast; therefore, in the event	
iii.	MUDFLOW				
moders & Asso PDS20 pre-exi or expo to inun	Less Than Significant Impact: Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is located within a moderate to high landslide susceptibility zone. However, Hydrology Report prepared by ERB & Associates, LLC dated July 2014 on file with Planning & Development Services as PDS2014-LDGRMJ-00017, has determined that the area does not show evidence of either pre-existing or potential conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity or exposed soils. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.  X. LAND USE AND PLANNING Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established co	ommu	nity?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> The project does not propose the introduction of new infrastructure such major roadways or water supply systems, or utilities to the area. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community.					
b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitig Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

## **Less Than Significant Impact:**

The proposed project is subject to the General Plan Semi-Rural Regional Category and contains lands with the Semi-Rural 2 (SR-2) Land Use Designation. The maximum density allowed by the SR-2 designation is 1 unit per 2, 4, or 8 gross acres depending on slope. The proposed project is also subject to the policies of the San Dieguito Community Plan. The current zone is (RR) Rural Residential, which permits major grading plans pursuant to the grading ordinance.

XI. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:  a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discu	ssion/Explanation:			
Less	Than Significant Impact:			
The project site has been classified by the California Department of Conservation – Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997) as an area of "Potential Minera Resource Significance" (MRZ-3). However, the project site and surrounding land uses including are incompatible to future extraction of mineral resources on the project site. A future mining operation at the project site would likely create a significant impact to neighboring properties for issues such as noise, air quality, traffic, and possibly other impacts. Therefore, implementation of the project will not result in the loss of availability of a known minera resource that would be of value since the mineral resource has already been lost due to incompatible land uses.				
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a I delineated on a local general plan, spec	•	important mineral resource recovery site in or other land use plan?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

#### No Impact:

Discussion/Explanation:

The project site is not located in an area that has MRZ-2 designated lands or is located within 1,300 feet of such lands. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in the loss of availability of locally important mineral resource(s). Therefore, no potentially significant loss of

availability of a known mineral resource of locally important mineral resource recovery (extraction) site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan will occur as a result of this project.

XII.	NOISE -	- Would the	project	result in:
------	---------	-------------	---------	------------

a)		e levels in excess of standards established rapplicable standards of other agencies?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

#### **Less Than Significant Impact:**

The project is a grading plan for the creation of pads on a 10 acre lot. Grading would also include the installation of earthen swales. Earth movement would consist of a balance cut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of materials and would be located on the most western portion of the site. The project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

#### General Plan - Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Tables N-1 and N-2 addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA) for single residences (including senior housing, convalescent homes), and 65 dBA CNEL for multi-family residences (including mixed-use commercial/residential). Moreover, if the project is excess of 60 dBA CNEL or 65 dBA CNEL, modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities as mentioned within Tables N-1 and N-2. Project implementation is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the 60 dBA CNEL or 65 dBA CNEL. Additionally, the project grading plan project does not propose any noise sensitive land uses. Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

#### Noise Ordinance – Section 36.404

Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.404) at or beyond the project's property line. The site is zoned residential which allows grading plan application pursuant to the County Grading Ordinance. Based on review by staff, the project noise related activities are temporary and would not involve any permanent noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36.409

The project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.409). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36.409. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM.

Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan Noise Element and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of groundborne noise levels?	exces	ssive groundborne vibration or
□ □ Discus	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated ssion/Explanation:		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

**No Impact:** The project does not propose any of the following land uses that can be impacted by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels.

- 1. Buildings where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation, including research and manufacturing facilities with special vibration constraints.
- 2. Residences and buildings where people normally sleep including hotels, hospitals, residences and where low ambient vibration is preferred.
- 3. Civic and institutional land uses including schools, churches, libraries, other institutions, and quiet office where low ambient vibration is preferred.
- 4. Concert halls for symphonies or other special use facilities where low ambient vibration is preferred.

Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on-site or in the surrounding area.

exces area.	sive groundborne vibration or groundbo	orne	noise levels on-site or in the surround
c)	A substantial permanent increase in am levels existing without the project?	bien	noise levels in the project vicinity above
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project noise related activities are temporary and would not involve any permanent noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial permanent increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.

d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
<ul> <li>□ Potentially Significant Impact</li> <li>□ Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li> <li>□ No Impact</li> </ul>				
Discussion/Explanation:				
Less Than Significant Impact: The project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity including but not limited to extractive industry; outdoor commercial or industrial uses that involve crushing, cutting, drilling, grinding, or blasting of raw materials; truck depots, transfe stations or delivery areas; or outdoor sound systems.				
Also, general construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.409), which are derived from State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during a 24-hour period. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.				
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not beer adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
<ul> <li>□ Potentially Significant Impact</li> <li>□ Less than Significant Impact</li> <li>□ Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li> <li>□ No Impact</li> </ul>				
Discussion/Evalenations				

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The proposed project is not located within an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP) for airports or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.

No Impact:

For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?		
☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Less than Significant Impact ☐ Less Than Significant With Mitigation ☐ No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation:		
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is not located within a one-mile vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.		
XIII. POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:		
a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?		
☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Less than Significant Impact ☐ Less Than Significant With Mitigation ☐ No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation:		
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project will not induce substantial population growth in an area because the project does not propose any physical or regulatory change that would remove a restriction to or encourage population growth in an area including, but limited to the following: new or extended infrastructure or public facilities; new commercial or industrial facilities; large-scale residential development; accelerated conversion of homes to commercial or multi-family use; or regulatory changes including General Plan amendments, specific plan amendments, zone reclassifications, sewer or water annexations; or LAFCO annexation actions.		
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?		
☐ Potentially Significant Impact ☐ Less than Significant Impact ☐ Less Than Significant With Mitigation ☐ No Impact		
Discussion/Explanation:		

The proposed project will not displace any existing housing since the project is a grading plan to address a grading violation. Additionally, the site is currently vacant.

c)	•	ace substantial numbers of people, ng elsewhere?	neces	ssitating the construction of replacement
	Les	entially Significant Impact s Than Significant With Mitigation orporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/E	Explanation:		
site is	currer	The proposed project will not disntly vacant.  C SERVICES	place	a substantial number of people since the
a)	Would provis altere enviro other	d the project result in substantial action of new or physically altered go d governmental facilities, the constant impacts, in order to maint	vernm tructio ain ac	e physical impacts associated with the nental facilities, need for new or physically n of which could cause significant eceptable service ratios, response times or nes or other performance objectives for
	i. ii. iii. iv. v.	Fire protection? Police protection? Schools? Parks? Other public facilities?		
	Les	entially Significant Impact s Than Significant With Mitigation orporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The proposed project is a grading plan to create a pad on a residential lot. Earth movement is comprised of a balance cut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of materials. The temporary construction equipment operations associated with grading would not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilitiesTherefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.

## XV. RECREATION

a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussi	ion/Explanation:			
residenti	ial subdivision, mobilehome park, ethe use of existing neighborhoo	or co	nstruc	idential use, included but not limited to a tion for a single-family residence that may nal parks or other recreational facilities in
0				or require the construction or expansion e an adverse physical effect on the
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussi	ion/Explanation:			
expansion	• •	refore	, the	nal facilities or require the construction or construction or expansion of recreational e environment.
a) C e m	ffectiveness for the performance on odes of transportation including r	dinand of the mass tem, in	ce or p circula ransit cludin	policy establishing measures of the ation system, taking into account all and non-motorized travel and relevant g but not limited to intersections, streets,
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	ation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussi	ion/Explanation:			

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No Impact: The County of San Diego Guidelines for Determining Significance for Traffic and Transportation (Guidelines) establish measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system. These Guidelines incorporate standards from the County of San Diego Public Road Standards and Mobility Element, the County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Program and the Congestion Management Program.

The project will not result in any additional vehicle trips and will not alter the surrounding circulation system in any way, therefore the project would not conflict with any applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of the effectiveness of the circulation system.

b)	c) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?			
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Dis	scuss	sion/Explanation:		
sa wh sys inte enl of larg sys coo No de	NDA iich to stem egrat hance 2,40 ge postem orth orth velop e pro nflict tablis	AG. SANDAG is responsible for preparticle Congestion Management Program performance, develop programs to addite land use and transportation planning at the land use at the land u	ing the (CMP) ress nodecision 200 s that dider equired sures	therefore, the proposed project will not emand measures or other standards gency for designated roads or highways.
c)		sult in a change in air traffic patterns, incl nge in location that results in substantial	_	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:				
loc	ated			e of an Airport Influence Area and is not ort; therefore, the project will not result in
d)		estantially increase hazards due to a de rsections) or incompatible uses (e.g., far		feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous ipment)?
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Incorporated

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**No Impact:** The proposed project will not alter traffic patterns, roadway design, place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways, or create or place curves, slopes or walls which impedes adequate site distance on a road.

e)	e) Result in inadequate emergency access?				
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Dis	scus	sion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project will not result in inadequate emergency access. The project is not served by a dead-end road that exceeds the maximum cumulative length permitted by the San Diego County Consolidated Fire Code, therefore, the project has adequate emergency access. Additionally, roads used to access the proposed project site are up to County standards.					
f)		nflict with adopted policies, plans, or destrian facilities, or otherwise decrease		ams regarding public transit, bicycle, or rformance or safety of such facilities?	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Dis	scus	sion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The proposed project is slope grading and would not generate permanent ADT. Therefore, the project will not conflict with policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities.					
XV a)		JTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS Exceed wastewater treatment requirement Control Board?		• •	
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not involve any uses that will discharge any wastewater to sanitary sewer or on-site wastewater systems (septic). Therefore, the project will not exceed any wastewater treatment requirements.

b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
faciliti waste	es. In addition, the project does not rec	quire t projed	expanded water or wastewater treatment he construction or expansion of water or ct will not require any construction of new environmental effects.
c)	Require or result in the construction of no of existing facilities, the construction of we effects?		rm water drainage facilities or expansion could cause significant environmental
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
Moreo treatm not re	over, the project does not involve any nent or structural Best Management Pract	landfo	expanded storm water drainage facilities. orm modification or require any source, or storm water. Therefore, the project will facilities, which could cause significant
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available and resources, or are new or expanded		· · ·
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The proposed project does not involve or require water services from a water district. The project is for a grading plan that does rely on permanent water services.

e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
	roposed project for a grading plan applica ore, the project will not interfere with any		
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient per solid waste disposal needs?	mitted	capacity to accommodate the project's
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
is com	prised of a balance cut and fill of 2,860	) cubic	e a pad on a 10 acre lot. Earth movement yards of materials and will not generate ting permitted capacity of any landfill or
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local sta	tutes a	and regulations related to solid waste?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		

No Impact: The project is for a grading plan to create a pad on a 10 acre lot. Earth movement is comprised of a balance cut and fill of 2,860 cubic yards of materials and will not generate any solid waste nor place any burden on the existing permitted capacity of any landfill or transfer station within San Diego County. Therefore, compliance with any Federal, State, or local statutes or regulation related to solid waste is not applicable to this project.

# **XVIII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:**

Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife

		<u> </u>
	population to drop below self-sustaining lev community, substantially reduce the numbe endangered plant or animal or eliminate imp California history or prehistory?	r or restrict the range of a rare or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Per the degrade specie eliminal endang history this for potenti would resour below mitigat this evassoci	de the quality of the environment, substants, cause a fish or wildlife population to drate a plant or animal community, reduce the gered plant or animal or eliminate important or prehistory were considered in the respondent. In addition to project specific impaction for significant cumulative effects. Resources. However, mitigation has been included significance. This mitigation includes pation, open space easement dedication, and valuation, there is no substantial evidents.	impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to tially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife top below self-sustaining levels, threaten to be number or restrict the range of a rare or a texamples of the major periods of Californianse to each question in sections IV and V of tests, this evaluation considered the projects arces that have been evaluated as significant particularly biological and paleontological difference that clearly reduces these effects to a level aleontological monitoring, biological off-site breeding season avoidance. As a result of the test of the project has been determined not to the project has been determined not to
	considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable	are individually limited, but cumulatively means that the incremental effects of a nnection with the effects of past projects, the ects of probable future projects)?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER
AT&T Badger Water Tank Modification	PDS2013-MUP-11-023W2
Brutton Family 2 <sup>nd</sup> Dwelling Unit	PDS2010-3000-10-028
Strong PRD TM4821	PDS1998-3100-4821
Bridges O.S. Vacation	PDS1999-3940-99-003
Aliso Canyon Subdivision	PDS2014-TM-5589

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVIII of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c)	Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

# Discussion/Explanation:

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VIII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, IX Hydrology and Water Quality XII. Noise, XIII. Population and Housing, and XVI. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that there are adverse effects on human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

## XIX. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to <a href="http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/">http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/</a>. For State regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>. For County regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>. All other references are available upon request.

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